

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

**5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide**

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name : 5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide  
CBnumber : CB9352928  
CAS : 71916-91-1  
EINECS Number : 670-703-0  
Synonyms : 2-(bromomethyl)-4-chloro-1-fluorobenzene,5-CHLORO-2-FLUOROBENZYL BROMIDE

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

**Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

**Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P234 Keep only in original container.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P309 IF exposed or if you feel unwell:

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### **Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H227 Combustible liquid

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

---

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: 5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide
Synonyms	: 2-(bromomethyl)-4-chloro-1-fluorobenzene,5-CHLORO-2-FLUOROBENZYL BROMIDE
CAS	: 71916-91-1
EC number	: 670-703-0
MF	: C7H5BrClF
MW	: 223.47

---

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

### **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

### **Inhalation**

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.

### **Ingestion**

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

### **Most important symptoms and effects**

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation

### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

---

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

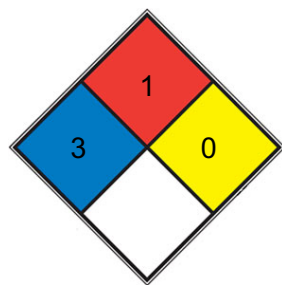
### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

### Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

FIRE 1 Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

---

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

## **Methods for Containment and Clean Up**

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

---

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## **Handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

## **Storage**

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

## **Specific Use(s)**

Use in laboratories

---

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## **Control Parameters**

### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88

Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

## **Personal protective equipment**

### **Eye Protection**

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

### Hand Protection

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Neoprene	recommendations			
Natural rubber				
PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

### Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing

### Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

### Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

### Small scale/Laboratory use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Colorless

---

**Physical State**

Liquid

**Odor**

pungent

**Odor Threshold**

No data available

**pH**

No information available

**Melting Point/Range**

No data available

**Softening Point**

No data available

**Boiling Point/Range**

44 - 45 °C / 111.2 - 113 °F

**Flash Point**

No information available

Method - No information available

**Evaporation Rate**

No data available

**Flammability (solid,gas)**

Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits**

No data available

**Vapor Pressure**

No data available

**Vapor Density**

No data available (Air = 1.0)

**Specific Gravity / Density**

1.65 g/cm<sup>3</sup> @ 20 °C

**Bulk Density**

Not applicable Liquid

**Water Solubility**

Immiscible

### **Solubility in other solvents**

No information available

### **Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)**

No data available

### **Autoignition Temperature**

No data available

### **Decomposition Temperature**

No data available

### **Viscosity**

No data available

### **Explosive Properties**

No information available

### **Oxidizing Properties**

No information available

### **Molecular Formula**

C7 H5 Br Cl F

### **Molecular Weight**

223.48

### **Colour**

Colorless to Light yellow to Light orange

---

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### **Stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

### **Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

### **Hazardous Polymerization**

No information available.

### **Conditions to Avoid**

None known.

## Materials to avoid

No information available.

## Hazardous Decomposition Products

None under normal use conditions.

---

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## Product Information

### (a) acute toxicity;

### (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Category 1 B

### (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Category 1

### (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

#### Respiratory

No data available

#### Skin

No data available

### (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

No data available

### (f) carcinogenicity;

No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

### (g) reproductive toxicity;

No data available

### (h) STOT-single exposure;

No data available

### (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No data available

#### Target Organs

No information available.

### (j) aspiration hazard;

No data available

## **Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed**

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

---

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

### **Persistence and Degradability**

#### **Persistence**

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

#### **Mobility in soil**

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

#### **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutant**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### **Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

---

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Waste from Residues/Unused Products**

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Contaminated Packaging**

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

### **Other Information**

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush

to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Road and Rail Transport

**UN-No**

UN3265

**Proper Shipping Name**

Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name**

(5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide)

**Hazard Class**

8

**Packing Group**

II

**IMDG/IMO****UN-No**

UN3265

**Proper Shipping Name**

Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n

**Technical Shipping Name**

(5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide)

**Hazard Class**

8

**Packing Group**

II

**IATA****UN-No**

UN3265

**Proper Shipping Name**

Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n

**Technical Shipping Name**

(5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzyl bromide)

**Hazard Class**

8

**Packing Group**

II

**Special Precautions for User**

No special precautions required

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
5-Chloro-2-fluorobenzy I bromide	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### National Regulations

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Prepared By

Health, Safety and Environmental Department

### Revision Date

24-Oct-2025

### Revision Summary

Not applicable.

### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

### Legend

#### CAS

Chemical Abstracts Service

#### TSCA

United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

#### EINECS/ELINCS

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

#### DSL/NDSL

Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances List

**PICCS**

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**ENCS**

Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC**

Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**AICS**

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**KECL**

Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**NZIoC**

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**WEL**

Workplace Exposure Limit

**TWA**

Time Weighted Average

**ACGIH**

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**IARC**

International Agency for Research on Cancer

**DNEL**

Derived No Effect Level

**PNEC**

Predicted No Effect Concentration

**RPE**

Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LD50**

Lethal Dose 50%

**LC50**

Lethal Concentration 50%

**EC50**

Effective Concentration 50%

**NOEC**

No Observed Effect Concentration

**POW**

Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**PBT**

Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**vPvB**

very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ICAO/IATA**

International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

Transport Association

**IMO/IMDG**

International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

**ADR**

European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

**MARPOL**

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

**OECD**

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**ATE**

Acute Toxicity Estimate

**BCF**

Bioconcentration factor

**VOC**

(Volatile Organic Compound)

**Key literature references and sources for data**

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.