

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Diethylzinc

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Diethylzinc
CBnumber : CB7149427
CAS : 557-20-0
EINECS Number : 209-161-3
Synonyms : diethylzinc,Et2Zn

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P231+P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

Hazard statements

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air
H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Diethylzinc
Synonyms	: diethylzinc, Et ₂ Zn
CAS	: 557-20-0
EC number	: 209-161-3
MF	: C ₄ H ₁₀ Zn
MW	: 123.51

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

Protection of first-aiders

For personal protection see section 8.

Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water Foam

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Combustible. Pay attention to flashback. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May not get in touch with: Water
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides Zinc/zinc oxides

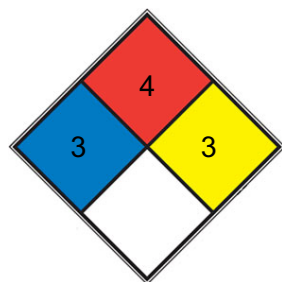
Specific extinguishing methods

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

FIRE 4 Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal atmospheric pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily. Includes pyrophoric substances. Flash point below room temperature at 22.8 °C (73 °F). (e.g. acetylene, propane, [hydrogen gas](#))

REACT 3 Capable of detonation or explosive decomposition but requires a strong initiating source, must be heated under confinement before initiation, reacts explosively with water, or will detonate if severely shocked (e.g. [ammonium nitrate](#), cesium, hydrogen peroxide)

SPEC.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency responders: For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols. Keep workplace dry. Do not allow product to come into contact with water.

Avoidance of contact

Strong oxidizing agents Reacts violently with water.

Storage

Further information on storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

Storage class

4.2, Pyrophoric and self-heating hazardous materials

Recommended storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

Further information on storage stability

Air sensitive. Reacts violently with water.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Further information: Skin

Biological occupational exposure limits toluene end ex- Prior to 5 mg/m³ CN BEI haled air shift

Engineering measures

No data available

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type

Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Hand protection

Material

Fluorinated rubber

Break through time

60 min

Glove thickness

0.7 mm

Protective index

Splash contact

Manufacturer

Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Manufacturer

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

Remarks

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

liquid

Color

light yellow

Odor

No data available

Odor Threshold

No data available

pH

No data available

Melting point/ range

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range

98 °C

Flash point

7 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Flammability (liquids)

No data available

Burning rate

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure

16hPa at 20°C

Relative vapor density

No data available

Relative density

1.205 g/mL at 25 °C(lit.)

Density

0.915 g/cm³

Water solubility

REACTS VIOLENTLY

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity, dynamic

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic

No data available

Flow time

No data available

Explosive properties

Not classified as explosive.

Oxidizing properties

none

Molecular weight

123.51 g/mol

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

Solubility

reacts with H₂O; misc ethyl ether, petroleum ether, benzene

Physical state

Solution

Dielectric constant

2.5 (20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Chemical stability

Sensitive to air. sensitive to moisture

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Exposure to air. Warming. Moisture.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents Reacts violently with water.

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture Acute toxicity

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 30.24 mg/l - vapour (Calculation method)

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages: damage of respiratory tract

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mixture may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Mixture may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Central nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard, Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

11.2 Additional Information

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache,

Nausea

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Components Toluene

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 5,580 mg/kg (Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.1.)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male - 4 h - 25.7 mg/l - vapour (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: irritating - 4 h (Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.4)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative (Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.6)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Mouse lymphoma test

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Species: Rat - Bone marrow

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Inhalation - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Central nervous system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

diethylzinc Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Causes skin burns.

(Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Toluene:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 5.5 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 3.78 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 48 h Analytical monitoring: yes Method: US-EPA

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 1.39 mg/l End point: Growth inhibition Exposure time: 40 d Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.74 mg/l End point: reproduction rate Exposure time: 7 d Analytical monitoring: yes Method: US-EPA

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (Bacteria): 84 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Remarks: (ECHA)

diethylzinc:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Toluene:

Biodegradability

aerobic Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 86 % Exposure time: 20 d Remarks: (IUCLID)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Toluene:

Bioaccumulation

Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 90 Exposure time: 3 d Concentration: 0.05 mg/l

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

log Pow: 2.73 (20 °C) pH: 7 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable (diethylzinc, Toluene)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : I

Labels : Division 4.3 - Substances which in contact with water emit flammable gases, Class 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 494

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : Not permitted for transport

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATERREACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (diethylzinc, Toluene)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : I

Labels : 4.3 (3)

EmS Code : F-G, S-N

Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

JT/T 617

UN number : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATERREACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (diethylzinc, Toluene)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : I

Labels : 4.3 (3)

Environmentally hazardous : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals

Listed

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity

W5.3 Flammable liquids 1,000 t

W8 Pyrophoric liquids and pyrophoric 50 t solids

W11 Substances and mixtures which in 200 t contact with water, emit flammable gases

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management

Listed under SAWS

Catalogue of Specially Controlled Hazardous

Not listed Chemicals

List of Explosive Precursors

Not listed

List of Toxic and Hazardous Soil Pollutants

Listed

Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals

Not listed

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Not listed

Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals

Listed

Regulations on the Administration of Controlled Chemicals

List of Controlled Chemicals

Not listed

Regulations of Ozone Depleting Substances Management

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances

Not listed

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances Import and Export

Not listed

Environmental Protection Law

List of Priority Controlled Chemicals

Listed

List of Key Controlled New Pollutants

Not listed

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH BEI

ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

CN BEI

China. Biological Occupational Exposure Indices

GBZ 2.1-2007

Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA

8-hour, time-weighted average

GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-TWA

Permissible concentration - time weighted average

GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-STEL AIIIC - Australian Invent Transport by Land of Bra bw - Body weight; CMR Standard of the German List (Canada); ECx - Conc associated with x%respo Chemical Substances (Jap response; ERG - Emerge GLP - Good Laboratory P cer; IATA - International Construction and Equipm Half maximal inhibitory c tion; IECSC - Inventory o tional Maritime Dangerou Industrial Safety and H Standardisation; KECl - K tration to 50 % of a test (Median Lethal Dose); MA lution from Ships; MERC of Dangerous Goods; n.o. - No Observed (Adverse) fect Level; NOELR - No Norm; NTP - National Toxi icals; OECD - Organisatio fice of Chemical Safety a and Toxic substance; PIC stances; (Q)SAR - (Quant (EC) No 1907/2006 of th Registration, Evaluation, Accelerating Decompositi Chemical Substance Inve Thailand Existing Chemical States); UN - United Nat Transport of Dangerous

WHMIS - Workplace Hazar

Permissible concentration - short term exposure limit ry of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for il

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

- Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN nstitute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances ntration associated with x% response

ELx - Loading rate se

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New n)

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate cy Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

actice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Canir Transport Association

IBC - International Code for the nt of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 ncentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organiza- Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - Interna- Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organisation

ISHL alth Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for rea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 - Lethal Concenopulation

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population POL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pol- SUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport . - Not Otherwise Specified

Nch - Chilean Norm

NO(A)EC ffect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Efbserveable Effect Loading Rate

NOM - Official Mexican ology Program

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemfor Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS - Ofd Pollution Prevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative S - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Subtative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH - Regulation European Parliament and of the Council concerning the authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

SADT - Self-heating Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan Trade

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TECIS Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.