

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride

Revision Date:2026-06-06 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride  
CBnumber : CB8147622  
CAS : 16420-13-6  
EINECS Number : 240-468-5  
Synonyms : dimethylcarbamothioic chloride,dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....  
P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P234 Keep only in original container.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### **Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H290 May be corrosive to metals

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride
Synonyms	: dimethylcarbamothioic chloride,dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride
CAS	: 16420-13-6
EC number	: 240-468-5
MF	: C3H6CINS
MW	: 123.6

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **4.1 Description of first aid measures**

#### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult doctor if feeling unwell.

### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Sulphur oxides

Hydrogen chloride gas

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

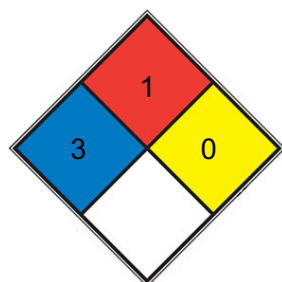
### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### 5.4 Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 3** Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

**FIRE 1** Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

**SPEC.**

**HAZ.**

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry.

#### Storage stability Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

Moisture sensitive.

#### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 11: Combustible Solids

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

##### Skin protection

required

##### Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P1

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

a) Physical state	crystalline
b) Color	light yellow
c) Odor	No data available
d) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/ range: 39 - 43 °C - lit.
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	90 - 95 °C at 0,7 hPa - lit.
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
h) Flash point	98 °C - closed cup
i) Autoignition temperature	No data available
j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	No data available
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	reacts
n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	No data available
o) Vapor pressure	No data available
p) Density	1.204 (estimate)
Relative density	1.204 (estimate)
q) Relative vapour density	No data available
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	No data available
Solubility	Soluble in chloroform and tetrahydrofuran.

### 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Amines, Strong bases, Keep away from water.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: No data available

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: No data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

## 11.2 Additional Information

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

No data available

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA: -

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods

IMDG: Not dangerous goods

IATA: Not dangerous goods

### **14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA: -

### **14.4 Packaging group**

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA: -

### **14.5 Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: no

IATA: no

### **14.6 Special precautions for user**

No data available

Further information: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### **14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

### **15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### **Full text of other abbreviations**

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

bw - Body weight

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)

ECx - Concentration associated with x% response

ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response

EmS -Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)

ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response

GHS - Globally HarmonizedSystem

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice

IARC - International Agency for Research onCancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association

IBC - International Code for theConstruction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - InternationalMaritime Dangerous Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organization

ISHL - IndustrialSafety and Health Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for Standardization

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level

NOELR - No Observable Effect LoadingRate

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD - Organization for EconomicCo-operation and Development

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and PollutionPrevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PICCS - PhilippinesInventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) StructureActivity Relationship

REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the EuropeanParliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation andRestriction of Chemicals

RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage ofDangerous Goods by Rail

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SDS -Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TECI - ThailandExisting Chemicals Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)

UN - United Nations

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport ofDangerous Goods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.