

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Hydroxypropyl acrylate

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Hydroxypropyl acrylate  
CBnumber : CB1499179  
CAS : 25584-83-2  
EINECS Number : 247-118-0  
Synonyms : Hydroxypropyl Acrylate, 1,2(or3)-propanediol, 1-acrylate

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

#### **Hazard statements**

H310 Fatal in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Hydroxypropyl acrylate
Synonyms	: Hydroxypropyl Acrylate, 1,2(or3)-propanediol, 1-acrylate
CAS	: 25584-83-2
EC number	: 247-118-0
MF	: C6H10O3
MW	: 130.14

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

First aider needs to protect himself. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately. In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

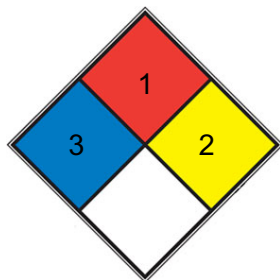
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH** 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

**FIRE** 1 Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

**REACT** 2 Undergoes violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures, reacts violently with water, or may form explosive mixtures with water (e.g. white phosphorus, [potassium](#), [sodium](#))

SPEC.  
 HAZ.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the

danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemisorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols. For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Tightly closed. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **control parameter**

#### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

#### **Personal protective equipment**

##### **Eye/face protection**

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

##### **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0,6 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Camapren? (KCL 722 / Aldrich Z677493, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

### Body Protection

protective clothing

### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid
Odour	like acrylic
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point: -30 °C - (Lit.)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	77 °C at 7 hPa - lit.
Flash point	99 °C - closed cup - ISO 2719
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
Vapour pressure	0,01 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	4,49 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	1,044 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C
Water solubility	1.000 g/l at 23 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105 - miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0,2 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	308 °C at 1.001 - 1.016 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available

Viscosity 8,63 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 114 -

Explosive properties No data available

Oxidizing properties No data available

### Other safety information

Relative vapor density

4,49 - (Air = 1.0)

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

No data available

Inhalation: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive - 4 h Remarks: (ECHA)

(Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye - 30 s Remarks: (ECHA)

### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

(Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Ames test

Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

OECD Test Guideline 474

Mouse - male and female - Bone marrow Result: negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 15 mg/kg

RTECS: Not available

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 3,61 mg/l - 96 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 24 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 6,98 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 0,5 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

## Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 14 d

Result: 90 - 100 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301A)

## Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## Mobility in soil

No data available

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Toxics Screening Level

The Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) for hydroxypropyl acrylate is 28 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, with 8-hr averaging time.

## Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

### Product

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN number

ADR/RID: 2922 IMDG: 2922 IATA: 2922

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Hydroxypropyl acrylate, mixture of isomers)

IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Hydroxypropyl acrylate, mixture of isomers)

IATA: Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Hydroxypropyl acrylate, mixture of isomers)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (6.1) IMDG: 8 (6.1) IATA: 8 (6.1)

### Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### Special precautions for user

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

**[1]** CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

**[2]** ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

**[3]** ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

**[4]** eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

**[5]** ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### **Other Information**

Do NOT take working clothes home. Skin cross-sensitization with other acrylates is possible. A typical commercial sample of hydroxypropyl acrylate contains approximately 75-80% 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate and 20-25% 1-methyl-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate. The purity of the saleable product is at least 97% combined isomers. See ICSC 0899. An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance; consult an expert. The effectiveness of phenolic inhibitors is dependent on the presence of oxygen. Store under air rather than inert atmosphere.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.