

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Phthalic anhydride

Revision Date:2026-06-06 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Phthalic anhydride  
CBnumber : CB7414905  
CAS : 85-44-9  
EINECS Number : 201-607-5  
Synonyms : phthalic anhydride,isobenzofuran-1,3-dione

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P342+P311 IF experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P405 Store locked up.

## Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: Phthalic anhydride
Synonyms	: phthalic anhydride, isobenzofuran-1,3-dione
CAS	: 85-44-9
EC number	: 201-607-5
MF	: C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
MW	: 148.12

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

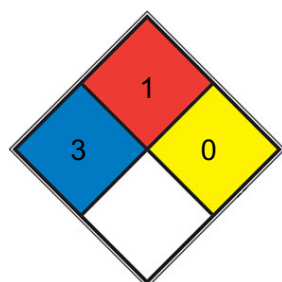
### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### Further information

No data available

### NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

FIRE 1 Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in cool place.

## Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

## Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Exposure limits

NIOSH REL: TWA 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (1 ppm), IDLH 60 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; OSHA PEL: TWA 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (2 ppm); ACGIH TLV: TWA 1 ppm (adopted).

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colourless crystalline
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	2 at 6 g/l at 20 °C
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 131 - 134 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	284 °C - lit.
Flash point	152 °C - DIN 51758
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 10,4 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,7 %(V)
Vapour pressure	0,001 hPa at 26,6 °C
Vapour density	5.1 (vs air)
Relative density	1,53 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Water solubility	16.400 g/l at 20 °C - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,6 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	580 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	6.29 at 20 °C (approximate - calculated from water solubility and vapor pressure)

### Other safety information

Surface tension 32,7 mN/m at 180 °C Dissociation constant 2,97 at 35 °C

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No data available

### **Conditions to avoid**

Avoid moisture.

### **Incompatible materials**

Strong acids, Strong bases, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 1.530 mg/kg Remarks: (ECHA)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - > 2,14 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 3.160 mg/kg Remarks: (ECHA)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 10.000 mg/kg No data available

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: slight irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Moderate eye irritation - 7 d Remarks: (ECHA)

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

(OECD Test Guideline 406) in vivo assay - Guinea pig Result: positive

Remarks: (ECHA)

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

reverse mutation assay

S. typhimurium Result: negative (ECHA)

Ames test Result: negative (IUCLID)

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test):

Result: negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - 7 Weeks - No observed adverse effect level - 1.250 mg/kg - Lowest observed adverse effect level - 2.500 mg/kg (ECHA)

RTECS: T13150000

prolonged or repeated exposure can cause:, Liver injury may occur., Kidney injury may occur., Exposure to and/or consumption of alcohol may increase toxic effects., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 1530 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

LC50 - *Oryzias latipes* - > 99 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

Immobilization EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 71 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

ErC50 - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* - 68 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h

(ISO 8192)

EC50 - *Pseudomonas putida* - 213 mg/l - 16 h (ISO 10712)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability Biotic/Aerobic - Exposure time 14 d

Result: 85 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Toxics Screening Level

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for phthalic anhydride (CAS # 85-44-9) is 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup> with an annual averaging time.

## Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life.

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## Waste treatment methods

### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

### Incompatibilities

Incompatible with acids, strong oxidizing agents, alcohols, amines, and bases. Incompatible with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.); contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, caustics, ammonia, amines, water.

### Waste Disposal

Use a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

## Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

## UN number

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

Special precautions for user

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

**[1]** CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

**[2]** ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

**[3]** ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

**[4]** eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

**[5]** ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

**[6]** Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

**[7]** HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

**[8]** IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### **Other Information**

The substance may be transported in molten state. The symptoms of asthma often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Anyone who has shown symptoms of asthma due to this substance should avoid all further contact with this substance. For materials containing more than 0.05% of maleic anhydride the UN number is 2214, hazard class 8, packaging group III. Do NOT take working clothes home.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.