

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## PROPIONIC ACID-D6

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product identifier**

Product name : PROPIONIC ACID-D6  
CBnumber : CB1430895  
CAS : 19448-61-4  
Synonyms : Propionic acid-d6

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

**Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

**Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

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**Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: PROPIONIC ACID-D6
Synonyms	: Propionic acid-d6
CAS	: 19448-61-4
MF	: C3D6O2
MW	: 80.12

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist.

Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### 4.4 Notes to physician

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

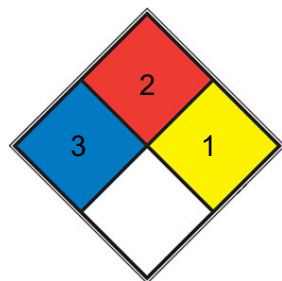
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

## NFPA 704



**HEALTH 3** Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

**FIRE 2** Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

**REACT 1** Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. [propene](#))

**SPEC.**

**HAZ.**

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®).

Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

['Component', 'CAS-No.', 'Value', 'Control parameters', 'Basis']	['Propionic acid-d6', '19448-61- 4', 'PC-TWA', '30 mg/m3', 'Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.']
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## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-

approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm

Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

a) Physical state	liquid
b) Color	No data available
c) Odor	No data available
d) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -24 - -23 °C - lit.
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	141 °C - lit.
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
h) Flash point	54 °C - closed cup
i) Autoignition temperature	No data available
j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	No data available
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	No data available
n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	No data available
o) Vapor pressure	No data available
p) Density	1.072 g/mL at 25 °C 1.072 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C

Relative density	1.072 g/mL at 25 °C
q) Relative vapor density	No data available
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none

## 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### 10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with:

Oxidizing agents

Reducing agents alkalines

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

Iron

Zinc magnesium

Lead

### 10.3 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

### 10.4 Incompatible materials

No data available

### 10.5 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 3,455.1 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 1 h - > 19.7 mg/l - vapor (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

LD50 Dermal - Rat - female - 3,235 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive

Remarks: (ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye damage. - 24 h

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: negative

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Chinese hamster

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

### **Carcinogenicity**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory Tract

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Aspiration hazard**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

## 11.2 Additional Information

Repeated dose toxicity - Mouse - female - Dermal - 90 Days - LOAEL (Lowest observed adverse effect level) - 136.9 mg/kg

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

May cause an asthmatic-like bronchitis., Nausea, Dizziness, Headache, Blood disorders,

May cause irritation to eyes and respiratory passages to workers briefly exposed to high concentrations

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe) - > 10,000 mg/l - 96 h (DIN 38412)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: calcium dipropionate

Toxicity to daphnia static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - > 500 mg/l - 48 h and other aquatic (Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2.) invertebrates Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: calcium dipropionate

Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae) - > 500 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: calcium dipropionate

Toxicity to bacteria EC50 - *Pseudomonas putida* - 60 mg/l - 17 h (DIN 38412)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: propionic acid

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Result: - Readily biodegradable.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Biological effects:

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 3463

IMDG: 3463

IATA-DGR: 3463

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: PROPIONIC ACID

IMDG: PROPIONIC ACID

IATA-DGR: Propionic acid

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (3)

IMDG: 8 (3)

IATA-DGR: 8 (3)

### 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II

IMDG: II

IATA-DGR: II

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: no

IATA-DGR: no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Based on chemical properties, choose appropriate tools and conditions of transport.

Transporting tools shall be equipped with appropriate and sufficient firefighting equipment and emergency leaking installations. If transporting by road, please go along the specified route.

### 14.7 Incompatible materials

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Measures on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances Registration

Registration/Notification number : B1A22223778

Downstream users need to comply with the conditions of safe use of the chemical, understand the environmental and health hazard and risk management measures identified on the SDS as well as the local/national regulations concerning the chemical.

Other regulations

Please pay attention on the waste treatment should also comply with local regulations requirement.

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

DOT: US Department of Transportation

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.