

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Sodium sulfide

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Sodium sulfide
CBnumber : CB3429046
CAS : 1313-82-2
EINECS Number : 215-211-5
Synonyms : sodium sulfide,Sodium Sulphide

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P235 Keep cool.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

Hazard statements

H251 Self-heating; may catch fire

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Sodium sulfide
Synonyms	: sodium sulfide,Sodium Sulphide
CAS	: 1313-82-2
EC number	: 215-211-5
MF	: Na ₂ S
MW	: 78.04

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately. In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible. Do not attempt to neutralise.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

Protection of first-aiders

For personal protection see section 8.

Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Not combustible. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

Hazardous combustion products

Sulphur oxides Sodium oxides

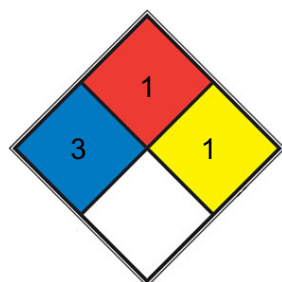
Specific extinguishing methods

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

FIRE 1 Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

REACT 1 Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. [propene](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency responders: For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Avoidance of contact

Oxidizing agents Copper Zinc Acids

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

No metal containers.

Further information on storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorised persons.

Materials to avoid

Do not store near acids.

Storage class

4.2, Pyrophoric and self-heating hazardous materials

Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

Further information on storage stability

hygroscopic Air and light sensitive.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures

No data available

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type

Filter type P3

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection

protective clothing

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

solid (20 °C , 1,013 hPa)

Color

yellow

Odor

Rotten egg odor

Odor Threshold

No data available

pH

No data available

Melting point/ range

950 °C

Method: lit.

Boiling point/boiling range

No data available

Flash point

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

No data available

Burning rate

No data available

Self-ignition

may catch fire.

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure

No data available

Relative vapor density

No data available

Relative density

1.64 (21.1 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 109

GLP: yes

Density

1.86 g/mL (25 °C)

Method: lit.

Water solubility

178 g/l completely soluble (20 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 105

GLP: yes

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not applicable for inorganic substances

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity, dynamic

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic

No data available

Flow time

No data available

Explosive properties

No data available

Oxidizing properties

none

Molecular weight

78.04 g/mol

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

Metal corrosion rate

Corrosive to metals

Solubility

H₂O: 0.1 g/mL, clear, colorless

Physical state

flakes

Dielectric constant

5.0 (Ambient)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Self-heating: may catch fire.

Reactivity

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: Acids

Conditions to avoid

Air Avoid moisture. Light. no information available

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents Copper Zinc Acids

Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 208 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

Inhalation: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - Expert judgement - 300 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Causes skin burns.

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: WE1905000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sodium sulphide:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Fish): 0.0027 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: (in analogy to similar products) The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Disodium sulphide nonahydrate

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.1 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa): 75 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: Growth inhibition Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): ≥ 0.0092 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Remarks: (in analogy to similar products) (ECHA) The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Disodium sulphide nonahydrate

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sodium sulphide:

Biodegradability

Remarks: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Sodium sulphide:

Bioaccumulation

Remarks: No data available

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

Remarks: Not applicable for inorganic substances

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1385

Proper shipping name : Sodium sulphide, anhydrous

Class : 4.2

Packing group : II

Labels : Division 4.2 - Substances liable to spontaneous combustion

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 470

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 467

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1385

Proper shipping name : SODIUM SULPHIDE, ANHYDROUS

Class : 4.2

Packing group : II

Labels : 4.2

EmS Code : F-A, S-J

Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

JT/T 617

UN number : UN 1385

Proper shipping name : SODIUM SULPHIDE, ANHYDROUS

Class : 4.2

Packing group : II

Labels : 4.2

Environmentally hazardous : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulatory information

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals

Listed

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

Not listed

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management

Not listed under SAWS

Catalogue of Specially Controlled Hazardous

Not listed Chemicals

List of Explosive Precursors

Not listed

Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals

Not listed

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Not listed

Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals

Not listed

Regulations on the Administration of Controlled Chemicals

List of Controlled Chemicals

Not listed

Regulations of Ozone Depleting Substances Management

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances

Not listed

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances Import and Export

Not listed

Environmental Protection Law

List of Priority Controlled Chemicals

Not listed

List of Key Controlled New Pollutants

Not listed

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

bw - Body weight

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)

EC_x - Concentration associated with x% response

EL_x - Loading rate associated with x% response

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response

ERG - Emergency Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association

IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organisation

ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified

Nch - Chilean Norm

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level

NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate

NOM - Official Mexican Norm

NTP - National Toxicology Program

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)

UN - United Nations

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.