

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

ZIRCONIUM N-BUTOXIDE

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**Product identifier**

Product name : ZIRCONIUM N-BUTOXIDE
CBnumber : CB8317601
CAS : 1071-76-7
EINECS Number : 213-995-3
Synonyms : Zirconium N-Butoxide,ZIRCONIUM(IV) BUTOXIDE

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

Hazard statements

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: ZIRCONIUM N-BUTOXIDE
Synonyms	: Zirconium N-Butoxide, ZIRCONIUM(IV) BUTOXIDE
CAS	: 1071-76-7
EC number	: 213-995-3
MF	: C ₁₆ H ₃₆ O ₄ Zr
MW	: 383.68

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

Protection of first-aiders

For personal protection see section 8.

Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides Zirconium oxides

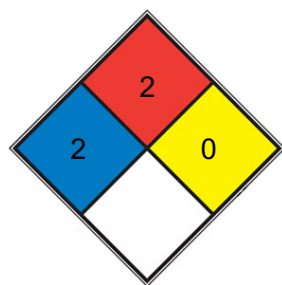
Specific extinguishing methods

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 2 Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

FIRE 2 Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N₂](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency responders: For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Avoidance of contact

Bases Oxidizing agents Alkali metals Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Halogens

Storage

Further information on storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and wellventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage class

3, Flammable liquids

Recommended storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

Further information on storage stability

Moisture sensitive.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

Engineering measures

No data available

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type

Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Hand protection

Material

Nitrile rubber

Break through time

480 min

Glove thickness

0.11 mm

Protective index

Full contact

Manufacturer

(KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Material

Nitrile rubber

Break through time

480 min

Glove thickness

0.11 mm

Protective index

Splash contact

Manufacturer

(KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Manufacturer

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

Remarks

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

liquid

Color

colourless

Odor

No data available

Odor Threshold

No data available

pH

No data available

Melting point/ range

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range

117°C

Flash point

38 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Flammability (liquids)

No data available

Burning rate

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

Upper flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

Lower flammability limit

Vapor pressure

5.6hPa at 20°C

Relative vapor density

No data available

Relative density

1.05 g/mL at 20 °C

Density

1.049 g/cm³

Water solubility

Hydrolyzes in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity, dynamic

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic

No data available

Flow time

No data available

Explosive properties

Not classified as explosive.

Oxidizing properties

none

Molecular weight

383.68 g/mol

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

Physical state

liquid

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Heating.

Incompatible materials

Bases Oxidizing agents Alkali metals Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Halogens

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1,749 mg/kg (Calculation method)

Symptoms: Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

Symptoms: Possible symptoms:, mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath,

Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - > 5,000 mg/kg (Calculation method)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

Mixture may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

Central nervous system depression, Gastrointestinal disturbance, drying, cracking of the skin, Skin irritation

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Components zirconium tetrabutanolate

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 2,510 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male - 4 h - 6,523.54 mg/l - vapour

Remarks: (ECHA)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 5,300 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - in vitro assay

Result: Skin irritation - 1 h (OECD Test Guideline 439)

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Human (OECD Test Guideline 492)

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig

Result: Not classified (OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory Tract

Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Oral - Central nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

n-butanol Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 790 mg/kg

Remarks: Liver:Fatty liver degeneration.

Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes.

Blood:Other changes.

(RTECS)

Inhalation: No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - 3,430 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Skin irritation - 2 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus.

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Species: Mouse - male and female

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory Tract, Skin, Eyes

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zirconium tetrabutanolate:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,730 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.983 mg/l Exposure time: 45 h Test Type: static test Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 225 mg/l End point: Growth inhibition Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

n-butanol:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,376 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,328 mg/l End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 225 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 18 mg/l End point: reproduction rate Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 4,390 mg/l Exposure time: 17 h Test Type: static test Method: DIN 38421 TEIL 8

Persistence and degradability

Components:

zirconium tetrabutanolate:

Biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 92 % Exposure time: 20 d

n-butanol:

Biodegradability

aerobic Concentration: 3 mg/l Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 92 % Exposure time: 20 d Remarks: (ECHA)

BOD/ThOD

33 % Remarks: (IUCLID)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

n-butanol:

Bioaccumulation

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.38 Exposure time: 24 h Concentration: 921 mg/l

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

log Pow: 1 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes Remarks: Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

n-butanol:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(zirconium tetrabutanolate)

Class : 3

Packing group : III

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(zirconium tetrabutanolate)

Class : 3

Packing group : III

Labels : 3

EmS Code : F-E, S-E

Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

JT/T 617

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(zirconium tetrabutanolate)

Class : 3

Packing group : III

Labels : 3

Environmentally hazardous : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity

W5.4 Flammable liquids 5,000 t

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management

Listed under SAWS

Catalogue of Specially Controlled Hazardous

Not listed Chemicals

List of Explosive Precursors

Not listed

Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals

Not listed

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Listed

Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals

Not listed

Regulations on the Administration of Controlled Chemicals

List of Controlled Chemicals

Not listed

Regulations of Ozone Depleting Substances Management

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances

Not listed

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances Import and Export

Not listed

Environmental Protection Law

List of Priority Controlled Chemicals

Not listed

List of Key Controlled New Pollutants

Not listed

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

GBZ 2.1-2007

Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA

8-hour, time-weighted average

ACGIH / STEL

Short-term exposure limit

GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-TWA

Permissible concentration - time weighted average

GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-STEL AIC - Australian Invent Transport by Land of Bra bw - Body weight; **CMR** Standard of the German List (Canada); **ECx** - Conc associated with x% respo Chemical Substances (Jap response); **ERG** - Emerge GLP - Good Laboratory P cer; **IATA** - International Construction and Equipm Half maximal inhibitory c tion; **IECSC** - Inventory o tional Maritime Dangerou Industrial Safety and H Standardisation; **KECI** - K tration to 50 % of a test (Median Lethal Dose); **MA** lution from Ships; **MERC** of Dangerous Goods; **n.o.** - No Observed (Adverse) fect Level; **NOELR** - No Norm; **NTP** - National Toxi icals; **OECD** - Organisatio fice of Chemical Safety a and Toxic substance; **PIC** stances; **(Q)SAR** - (Quant (EC) No 1907/2006 of th Registration, Evaluation, Accelerating Decompositi Chemical Substance Inve Thailand Existing Chemicala States); **UN** - United Nat Transport of Dangerous **WHMIS** - Workplace Hazar

Permissible concentration - short term exposure limit ry of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for il

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

- Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN nstitute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances ntration associated with x% response

ELx - Loading rate se

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New n)

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate cy Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

actice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Canir Transport Association

IBC - International Code for the nt of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 ncentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organiza- Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - Interna- Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organisation

ISHL alth Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for rea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 - Lethal Concenopulation

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population **POL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pol- **SUR** - The Agreement for the Chemical Book

Facilitation of the Transport . - Not Otherwise Specified

Nch - Chilean Norm

NO(A)EC ffect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Efbserveable Effect Loading Rate

NOM - Official Mexican ology Program

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemfor Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS - Ofd Pollution Prevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative S - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Subtative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH - Regulation European Parliament and of the Council concerning the uthorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

SADT - Selfn Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan tory

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TECI s Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United ons

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the oods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ous Materials Information System

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.